Registration of 'Glacier' Soybean

'Glacier' soybean [Glycine max (L.) Merr.] (Reg. no. CV-357, PI 592523) was developed by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. It was released because of its superiority in yield and phytophthora resistance (caused by Phytophthora sojae M.J. Kaufmann & J.W. Gerdemann) conferred by the Rps6 gene compared with other public cultivars of similar maturity.

Glacier was derived from an F3 plant selected from the cross 'McCall' x 'Altona' (1,3). The population was advanced by the single pod bulk method to the F3 generation in Chile and Minnesota. Glacier was tested for yield in Minnesota from 1988 through 1994 under the designation M87-731 and was evaluated in the Uniform Soybean Tests, Northern States Test 00 from 1991 through 1994 (4).

Glacier is classified as Group 00 maturity (relative maturity 00.8), averaging 3 d earlier than 'Agassiz' and 2 d later than McCall (2). It is best adapted as a full-season cultivar to latitudes 46° to 49° N. Glacier has indeterminate growth habit, purple flowers, tawny pubescence, and brown pods at maturity. Seeds are yellow, with yellow hila and dull seed coat luster. In comparison with McCall, Glacier exhibited a yield advantage of 7%. Glacier has a slightly poorer lodging score (1.8 vs. 1.6 on a scale of 1 = erect to 5 = prostrate), is similar in height, and has a seed quality score similar to McCall. Seeds of Glacier are 10 mg larger, 5 g kg$^{-1}$ higher in protein concentration, and 4 g kg$^{-1}$ lower in oil concentration than seeds of McCall. The Fe-deficiency chlorosis scores of Glacier and McCall are similar, both being intermediate.

Glacier was released on 15 Feb. 1995 to approved seed growers in Minnesota and North Dakota. Breeder seed is maintained by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station for research purposes can be obtained from the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station by writing to the corresponding author.

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Registration of 'Toyopro' Soybean

Toyopro soybean [Glycine max (L.) Merr.] (Reg. no. CV-360, PI 592560) was developed by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. It was released as a high protein cultivar for use in making tofu.

Toyopro was derived from an F4 plant selected from the cross M81-610 x M76-349. M61-610 has the pedigree 'Dawson' x M70-447 (4). M70-447 is a selection from the cross 'Provar' x M53-43 (6). M53-43 has the pedigree M10 x PI 180501. M10 is a selection from the cross 'Lincoln' x 'Richland' (1). M76-349 has the pedigree L69-202 x M69-45. L69-202 is a selection from the cross L61-2193 x L61-2196. L61-2193 and L61-2196 both have the pedigree 'Sioux' (PI 81021) x 'Harosoy' (7). M69-45 has the pedigree M63-158Bf x Provar. M63-158Bf is a selection from the cross PI 261475 (Shika No. 1) x Pridesoy II. Pridesoy II is a cultivar from the Twin City Seed Company, Minneapolis, MN. The population was advanced by the single pod bulk method to the F4 generation in Chile and Minnesota. Toyopro was tested for yield in Minnesota from 1987 through 1994 and in Uniform Test 0 of the Uniform Soybean Tests, Northern States from 1990 through 1993 under the designation M86-356 (8).

Toyopro is of late Maturity Group 0 (relative maturity 0.9), averaging about 2 d later than 'Lambert' (3). Toyopro is indeterminate in growth type, with purple flowers, gray pubescence, tan pods at maturity, and dull yellow seeds with yellow hila. In comparison with 'Proto', Toyopro has 7% higher yield, better lodging resistance, and seed quality, and is about 10 cm taller at maturity (2). In comparison with Lambert, Toyopro has 13% less yield. Toyopro has an average seed size of 175 mg seed$^{-1}$, compared with 204 mg seed$^{-1}$ for Proto (2,5). Seeds of Toyopro have protein content and oil content similar to Proto (about 455 g kg$^{-1}$ protein and 172 g kg$^{-1}$ oil). Toyopro is moderately susceptible to Fe-deficiency chlorosis when grown on calcareous soil.

Breeder seed of Toyopro was released to approved foundation seed organizations in Minnesota and will be maintained by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station. Foundation seed was distributed in 1995, with the marketing rights licensed to Northland Organic Foods Corp., 462 Holly Ave., St. Paul, MN. U.S. plant variety protection for Toyopro is pending. Small samples of Toyopro for research purposes can be obtained from the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station by writing to the corresponding author.

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References and Notes

5. J.H. Orf, Dep. of Agronomy and Plant Genetics, Univ. of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN. Foundation seed was distributed in 1995, with the marketing rights licensed to Northland Organic Foods Corp., 462 Holly Ave., St. Paul, MN. U.S. plant variety protection for Toyopro is pending. Small samples of Toyopro for research purposes can be obtained from the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station by writing to the corresponding author.

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References and Notes


Published in Crop Sci. 37:1386 (1997).