REGISTRATIONS OF CULTIVARS

Registration of ‘Hamria’ Lentil

‘Hamria’ lentil (*Lens culinaris* Medik.) (Reg. no. CV-16, PI 633422) was developed at the International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA), Aleppo, Syria, and released by the National Institute for Agronomic Research (INRA), Settat, Morocco, for commercial cultivation. The cultivar was released in Morocco in 1999 for stable and higher yield and for combined resistance to rust [caused by *Uromyces viciae-fabae* (Pers.) Schroet] and Ascochyta blight (caused by *Ascochyta fabae* Speg. *f. sp. lentis* Gossen, Sheard, Beauchamp & Morrall). Because of its wide adaptation, Hamria is recommended for cultivation in all lentil-growing areas in the country.

The Food Legume Improvement Program of INRA, Settat, Morocco, introduced line ILL 6238 from ICARDA in 1989 as a part of the Lentil International Screening Nursery. ILL 6238 is a breeding line derived from a cross between ILL 4354 and ILL 922. The female parent, ILL 4354, is a landrace from Jordan, and the male parent, ILL 922, is a germplasm accession from Turkey. The line was developed following a bulk-pedigree method. Single plant selection was done in the F₄ on the basis of higher podding intensity, medium maturity, and nonlodging habit. It was entered in the international testing program as FLIP 87-48L and later designated in ICARDA’s Lentil Germplasm Catalog as ILL 6238.

ILL 6238 was initially identified as a promising line in 1990 at Sidi El Aidi research station of INRA, a relatively dry site with an annual average rainfall of 300 mm. In 1991-1992, the line was tested in a replicated preliminary yield trial at Marchouch, a more favorable station with seasonal rainfall of 400 mm. The line performed very well with respect to agronomic traits and produced >2 Mg ha⁻¹. In 1993-1994, it was tested in advanced yield trials at two sites, Jemat Shaim (rainfall, 330 mm) and Marchouch (rainfall, 290 mm), and was found superior to other test entries including the check L 24. From 1995 to 1997, line ILL 6238 was evaluated at four sites, three of which are located in the plains (Sidi El Aidi, Jemat Shaim, Marchouch) and at Annoceur (rainfall, 450 mm), a high altitude site located in the mid-Atlas mountains.

Over the years and across locations, ILL 6238 produced an average yield of 1211 kg ha⁻¹ as compared with 1070 kg ha⁻¹ for the check, L 24, an increase of about 13% (Sakr, 2000). In farmers’ field demonstrations during 1996-1997 and 1997-1998 cropping seasons, it produced an average yield of 910 kg ha⁻¹ as compared with 520 kg ha⁻¹ obtained from the local cultivars, an average increase of 75%. On the basis of the above results, ILL 6238 was tested under National Catalogue Trials for its eventual registration. Because of its good performance and farmers’ preference, ILL 6238 was released in 1999

Hamria flowers in 90 d and matures in 130 d. Seed of Hamria is maintained at INRA, Settat, Morocco, and is available in small quantities on written request. Plant will not be sought for Hamria.

B. Sakr, A. Sarker,* H. El Hassan, N. Kadah, B.A. Karim, and W. Erskine, International Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA), Aleppo, Syria. Registration by CSSA as a part of the Lentil International Screening Nursery. ILL 6238 is a breeding line derived from a cross between ILL 4354 originating from Jordan (76TA 66005) and has been registered as a part of the Lentil International Screening Nursery. ILL 5562 was released in Morocco in 1999 and was tested in a replicated preliminary yield trial at national Center for Agricultural Research in the Dry Areas (ICARDA), Aleppo, Syria.

ILL 5562 is a breeding line derived from a cross between ILL 4354 originating from Jordan (76TA 66005) and ILL 922, a germplasm accession from Turkey. The line was developed following a bulk-pedigree method. Single plant selection was done in the F₄ on the basis of higher podding intensity, medium maturity, and nonlodging habit. It was entered in the international testing program as FLIP 87-48L and later designated in ICARDA’s Lentil Germplasm Catalog as ILL 6238.

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Over the years and across locations, ILL 6238 produced an average yield of 1211 kg ha⁻¹ as compared with 1070 kg ha⁻¹ for the check, L 24, an increase of about 13% (Sakr, 2000). In farmers’ field demonstrations during 1996-1997 and 1997-1998 cropping seasons, it produced an average yield of 910 kg ha⁻¹ as compared with 520 kg ha⁻¹ obtained from the local cultivars, an average increase of 75%. On the basis of the above results, ILL 6238 was tested under National Catalogue Trials for its eventual registration. Because of its good performance and farmers’ preference, ILL 6238 was released in 1999

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